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NYMPHÆA GLORIOSA
Free-blooming, and the most satisfactory of the highly colored Water-Lilies (see page 8).

WILLIAM TRICKER
WATER-LILY SPECIALIST
ARLINGTON, NEW JERSEY
TO HELP IN MAKING UP YOUR ORDER FOR PLANTS

Prices are quoted net. All goods travel at purchaser's risk and expense.

SHIPPING. All plants will be packed with the best of care to secure safe transit, but under no circumstances do I undertake responsibility for delay or damage to goods during transit.

PARCEL POST. Small plants can be sent by parcel post, but delays occur very often. Beyond the 3d zone it is not only more satisfactory but even cheaper to send by express. I do not prepay postage, therefore please allow sufficient extra to pay postage; any money in excess will be returned.

I GUARANTEE my plants to be true to name, and in good condition when shipped; but I cannot be responsible for results. Unusual climatic conditions and disregard of planting instructions are entirely beyond my control.

COMPLAINTS, if any, as to quality of goods, etc., can be entertained only when made immediately on receipt of goods. I shall always be ready to advise in regard to planting water-gardens, and selections of varieties for certain purposes, and invite patrons to consult with me.

PLACE ORDERS EARLY for spring delivery and prevent delay of shipment or planting.

OPEN ACCOUNTS. Financial references must be sent to open an account. No account opened on an initial order of less than $10.

WM. TRICKER, Arlington, N. J.
So skilfully planned that it looks like nature’s work. This pool at Lake Forest, Ill., may be reproduced almost anywhere.
HERE is no kind or form of garden so delightfully attractive or fascinating as a water-garden. It appeals to all—young or old—with equal force. The sight of an expanse of water is always a pleasure, and more so when it has in it some water-plants. A water-garden may have a very humble beginning, but it will give its share of pleasure. Perhaps your ground is limited, or you would rather start in a small way. Then for you there is the tub or half-barrel in which you may try the plants and convince yourself. If you are the fortunate possessor of a natural pond, or the place to make one, you may, with a very little expense, have a most charming garden.

Perhaps for most people there is nothing more satisfactory than an artificial pool, 2 feet deep and as large as your fancy dictates. I find that each year more and more people are becoming interested in these things and almost invariably express surprise at the results so easily obtained. It has been my aim in this booklet to introduce to you the many plants that can be used in a water-garden, and to give you the simple directions for their culture and care.

Three things only are required—sun, water, and good soil. All soil should be the best obtainable, preferably three parts of rotted sod or top-soil with one part of thoroughly rotted cow-manure. For tub culture select a clean tub (a hard-wood barrel sawed in half will provide two)
and fill it two-thirds full of soil as described; over this put one-half inch of clean sand and fill with water. One plant will be sufficient for each tub and only such varieties as are suitable for tub culture used. When you realize that some varieties require as much as 50 square feet for development, you will see the necessity for careful selection.

For culture in artificial pools I recommend the use of boxes 2 to 3 feet square and 1 foot deep. In the larger boxes three plants of the hardy varieties could be planted, or two of the tender ones. All varieties of Water-Lilies can be grown under such conditions, except the N. tuberosa or N. odorata types. In a natural pond, all the Lilies could be grown, if there is good soil on the bottom. A depth of 1 to 2 feet of water is most desirable.

Now we must distinguish between hardy and tender Lilies. The hardy Lilies will withstand the most rigid winter, provided the frost does not reach the roots. This is easy to take care of, for a sufficient depth of water or a covering of boards, leaves, and strawy manure will suffice. The tender varieties are all tropical in growth and habit, and after the first heavy frost must be removed to a warm, light place and kept covered with water. They should soon form tubers which can then be removed and stored in damp sand until required in the spring. It is not always an easy matter to winter these for, unless properly ripened, they rot very easily.

In estimating the number of plants required for a certain space, allow 8 to 9 square feet for each hardy plant, and 25 to 30 square feet for the tender varieties. It is well to have only 6 inches of water over the soil when the plants are first set out, gradually increasing as the plants grow. In
planting a large pond it is well to plant in groups rather than singly. Avoid cold running water; do not plant near a spring. After the plants are put in the tub or pool, it is not necessary to change the water; only replace it as it evaporates. The question of mosquitoes is often asked, but easily answered. A few goldfish introduced into the water will solve the problem; anything that moves in front of a goldfish is quickly gobbled up.

Just as the beauty of a painting is enhanced by a suitable frame, so the charm of a Water-Lily is increased by the addition of some border plants. There is a splendid assortment of plants suitable for growing in moist or boggy ground, and in the list of plants in this catalogue they form a conspicuous part. What is more inspiring than the brilliant crimson of the Cardinal Flower (Lobelia cardinalis)? Or what is more appealing than a little clump of Forget-me-not (Myosotis palustris)? In July and August the Hibiscus are a brilliant sight. Some of the hardy Asters, the Irises, and many other perennials do well in a water-garden. Even if your water-garden consists of only a tub or two, a few of these plants will give an added charm. Iris, in its many forms, will give a succession of flowers from April to the end of July. The Astilbes come in many beautiful shades of color and are most valuable in the water-garden.

We are very proud of our record of careful packing, and we do not hesitate to say that no matter where you are located we can have your order delivered to you in good condition. We ship anywhere and our facilities enable us to fill orders promptly. We have now the largest amount of greenhouse space devoted entirely to aquatics in the world. I shall be glad at any time to help you solve any problem that may present itself, or help you to make a selection suitable for some particular place. In writing, always give size of pool or pond, depth of water, nature of soil, and source of water supply. Remember I am always ready to give you the benefit of my experience and always give personal attention to the correspondence.
MRS. WOODROW WILSON. A hybrid of N. Daubeniana. A strong and vigorous grower, of free and continuous blooming habit, and excellent for winter blooming in the conservatory. The flower is of a lovely shade of light blue, stamens yellow, tipped blue. In one season this novelty received three gold and silver medals and eight certificates of merit. $3.50 each.

PANAMA-PACIFIC. A new, everblooming, viviparous variety, and one of the most desirable of the late introductions. A strong grower and free-flowering. The buds are bronzy green, marked and spotted reddish brown; on opening the petals are a rich, deep rosy red, very pronounced when in the full sun; the same color is diffused on the overlapping sepals. When fully open the flower is a rich reddish purple, with yellow stamens, a unique and distinct color in Water-Lilies. Will bloom freely in the conservatory during the winter. $5 each.

GIGANTEA. (Hudson’s Variety.) One of the grandest of all Nymphaeas, but like others from the antipodes, is a little difficult to handle. It is a tropical species, delighting in a high temperature, and should not be planted out as early as the other tender Nymphaeas, unless in an artificially heated pond; otherwise the plant receives a check, stops growing, drops its leaves and remains as good as dead for the season. The flowers are very large, cup-shaped, of a rich, deep blue, the inner petals a lighter blue, with golden stamens. The plant is worthy of extra care and attention, and will repay any effort given its cultivation. $5 each.

DAUBENIANA. (A hybrid of N. micrantha, probably the only species having viviparous leaves.) The most striking difference between this and other Nymphaeas is that young plants spring from the upper surface of the leaf, just over the insertion of the petiole, these young plants producing flowers at a very early stage. As the plants increase in size, the old leaf dies, and they become separate, individual plants, and with proper treatment attain a good size,
A concrete pool will give perfect conditions for Water-Lily growing equal to any of the Stellata type. The flowers in the illustration represent those of plants in 3-inch pots, and of mature plants which are 5 inches across. The flowers are of a light blue, delicately fragrant. It is one of the most floriferous of all Nymphaeas, commencing to flower while attached to the parent leaf and continuing without intermission summer and winter. Can be grown in a small vessel or open pond in summer. Awarded Silver Medal, Newport Horticultural Society, September, 1912. (See illustration page 7.) $1 each.

WM. BECKER. An improved form of Wm. Stone, which has long been one of the very best hybrid Water-Lilies. This Water-Lily belongs to the same family, identical in every respect, save color and size of flower, being larger and of a rich violet-purple. $2.50 each.

I wish to inform you that my plants arrived safely. I have been buying eastern plants for years but I have never before had a lot arrive in such perfect condition. It was hard to believe that the express package had crossed the continent.—Mrs. John Finn, California, April 26, 1915.
WILLIAM TRICKER, ARLINGTON, N. J.

Nymphaea Daubeniana will bloom summer and winter

NEW AND RARE HARDY VARIETIES

ATTRACTION. This Water-Lily is by far the largest hardy Lily yet introduced, often producing flowers 8 inches across. The growth is strong and free. The introducer gives the following color description: "Garnet-red, with the petals tinted with rose, sepals white, striped with garnet, stamens lightly touched with mahogany." A valuable acquisition to any collection. $15 each.

ESCARBOUCLE. A most attractive and meritorious variety. The flowers are most striking in color, being a uniform vermillion-red. A free bloomer and a strong grower. Sure to become popular. $12.50 each.

FORMOSA. A large-flowering, clear pink Lily, with petals broad and incurving. $10 each.

PAUL HARIOT. A grand and magnificent flower of largest size; clear yellow, with delicate shadings of red at base of petals; distinct and continuous-flowering. A most satisfactory variety, meeting with approval wherever seen. Mr. Brock, Superintendent of Parks, Houston, says: 'The variety 'Paul Hariot' was very much admired for the beautiful shading of the flowers. 'Gracilis' was awarded a certificate of merit which it justly deserved, as it is a wonder' (See illustration, page 8.) $2.50 each.

ROSE ALEY. A grand variety of the Odorata type; very free-growing and free-flowering. Cerise-pink; distinct. Awarded Silver Medal. $2.50 each.

VESUVE. The flowers are of an amaranth-rose, extra large, free-blooming and constant. One of the very best dark-colored, hardy Nymphæas. $5 each.
CHOICE HARDY NYMPHAEAS

The choicest American and European hybrids are included in this collection. In the unique colors, exquisite tints, magnificence of form and substance of the flowers, they are not surpassed by any collection of Nymphaeas. The prices at which the different varieties are offered will permit the owner of even the smallest garden to gratify his desires for a few of these splendid plants.

**Andreana.** Flowers beautiful red and yellow; distinct and desirable variety. Can be grown in a tub. $1.50 each.

**Arethusa.** A free-flowering variety, with large blooms of brilliant crimson-pink. Desirable for both tubs and ponds. $2.50 each.

**Aurora.** Flowers soft rosy yellow on first day, changing to deep red on the third day; stamens orange. **Useful for growing in tubs.** $1 each.

**Eugenia de Land.** This grand variety belongs to the *N. odorata* group, and is unequaled by any other of the same genus. Flowers extra large, of true *N. odorata* type, floating, petals long and lanceolate; color an exquisite shade of deep rose-pink of iridescent hues, with yellow stamens. Vigorous and free-flowering plants. Awarded Silver Medal by the Newport Horticultural Society, September, 1912. $2 each.

**Froebelii.** A dark-flowered form of *N. sparoarca* or *N. alba rubra*, the Swedish Water-Lily. Very beautiful, but difficult to handle unless the water can be kept cool. Can be grown in a tub. $2 each.

**Fulva.** Flower yellow, shaded pink on first day, changing to orange-red; stamens orange; leaves blotched chestnut. $1 each.

**Gloriosa.** A superb variety, with flowers 4 to 6 inches across, of deep carmine-rose. A free, continuous bloomer and a desirable Lily for general use in tubs or ponds. (Illustrated on front cover.) $2.50 each.

**Graziella.** Flowers orange-red; sepals striped red; stamens orange; leaves deep green, spotted maroon. **Useful for tub culture.** $1.50 ea.

**Helen Fowler.** A natural cross of the *N. tuberosa* type; strong and of vigorous growth; flowers are borne on stout stems, making it useful for cut purposes; very deep pink and very fragrant. Certified by the Horticultural Society of New York. 75 cts. each.

**James Brydon.** A superb variety, being a free grower, with rosy crimson flowers, 4 to 5 inches in diameter. $2 each.

**Laydekeri rosea.** A French hybrid and one of the earliest introductions. Only a few specimen plants are found in cultivation at present, for the introducer dropped it from his list for several years. It was certificated by the Massachusetts Horticultural Society in 1892, and awarded a medal at the Columbian Exposition in 1893. The flowers on opening are a delicate pink, with deep golden center; the second day the flowers are many shades
CHOICE HARDY NYMPHAEAS, continued
der deeper, and the third day a deep rose-pink, thus presenting a novel feature, as it would appear at first sight that the one plant produced several different-colored flowers. The plant is of moderate growth and well adapted for tubs, fountain basins and small pools. $2.50 each.

Lucida. A free grower and a good bloomer. Flowers large, star-shaped; rosy vermilion, darker center; stamens orange; leaves blotched reddish brown. A magnificent variety. $2 each.

Marliacea ignea. Flowers 4 to 5 inches across; deep carmine. A free bloomer of great merit. $2 each.

Marliacea flammea. An excellent variety producing large flowers of a wine-red color; stamens red. Free blooming; of moderate growth. $1.50 each.

Marliacea rubra-punctata. Flowers deep rosy purple, spotted carmine; stamens orange-red. A choice variety; free, continuous bloomer. $2 each.

Seignoretii. Bears an abundance of pale yellow flowers, shaded pink and carmine; orange-yellow stamens; foliage spotted chestnut-brown. $1.50 each.

Sioux. Large flowers of rich, brassy yellow, shaded red; petals lanceolate; stamens deep yellow; bronzy green foliage, spotted reddish brown. French novelty. $2 each.

Tuberosa rubra. A new hybrid, with flowers 5 to 7 inches across, of a beautiful shade of rosy red; stamens red. Has a rich fragrance. $1.50 each.

William Falconer. The most brilliant dark red, hardy Water-Lily in cultivation. Flowers 5 to 6 inches across, of an intense bright garnet. $3 each.

GENERAL LIST OF HARDY NYMPHAEAS

Alba candidissima. A vigorous and desirable variety. Flowers good-sized and pure white. An early and free bloomer. 75 cts. each.

Gladstoniana. Flowers dazzling white, 6 to 8 inches across; petals concave and broad. A free and continuous bloomer and one of the finest white Lilies in cultivation. Should be allowed plenty of room, as it is a very strong grower. 75 cts. each.

Laydekeri lilacea. Flowers 3 to 5 inches across, rosy lilac, shaded bright carmine, with a tea-rose fragrance. Very desirable for tub culture. $1.50 each.

Laydekeri purpurea. A free-blooming variety; flowers medium-sized, rosy crimson, with reddish orange stamens. Does well in tubs. $2 each.

Marliacea albida. A vigorous variety; flowers large, of sparkling whiteness; stamens light yellow, sepals flushed pink; fragrant and produced freely and continuously through the season. Very desirable and handsome. See illustration on back cover. 75 cts. each.

Marliacea carnea. Similar to the preceding save in color, which is of a soft flesh-pink, deepening toward the base of the petals. $1 each.

Marliacea chromatella. A free and vigorous grower; flowers 4 to 6 inches across, bright canary-yellow, stamens deep yellow; leaves deep green, beautifully blotched with brown. One of the best. See illustration in color on back cover. $1 each.

Marliacea rosea. Resembles N. M. carneus in habit and growth; flowers large, deep rose-color; young leaves purplish red, changing to deep green. One of the very best pink hardy Water-Lilies for cutting. See illustration in color on back cover. $1.50 each

SPECIAL OFFER. One each of Marliacea albida, Marliacea chromatella and Marliacea rosea for $2.50. All Marliacea varieties will adapt themselves to tub culture. See back cover for illustration in natural colors.

Odorata. This is the fragrant Pond-Lily of the northeastern United States; flowers white, 3 to 5 inches in diameter, stamens yellow; leaves dark green above, under surface deep red to reddish green; splendidly adapted for planting in quantity in natural ponds. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

Odorata gigantea. This variety is indigenous to the southeastern United States; much larger than the type; strong grower and free-flowering. Flower white. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

Odorata minor. A small form of N. odorata and quite interesting. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.
GENERAL LIST OF HARDY NYMPHAEAS, continued

**Odorata, W. B. Shaw.** Flowers large, of rich rose-pink and very fragrant. A strong grower and continuous bloomer. 75 cts. each.

**Odorata exquisita.** Flowers of a very intense rose-carmine; 3 to 5 inches across. Very attractive. $1 each.

**Odorata sulphurea.** Flowers fragrant; 4 to 5 inches across; sulphur-yellow, standing well above the water. A desirable and unique variety; flowers very handsome. 75 cts. each.

**Odorata sulphurea grandiflora.** Very similar to the preceding variety, a stronger grower, foliage lighter in color. $1 each.

**Pygmaea.** The smallest Water-Lily in cultivation; flowers white, 1½ to 2 inches across. A free bloomer and ideal for tub culture. 75 cts. each.

**Pygmaea Helvola.** A yellow *N. pygmaea*, a very dainty Lily and extremely free-flowering. Very satisfactory for tub culture. $1 each.

**Robinsoni.** Large, floating flowers of dark orange-red. A free bloomer and should be in every collection. $2.50 each.

**Tuberosa maxima.** Flowers medium size, cup-shaped; pure white, with strong fragrance. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

**Tuberosa rosea.** Flowers of an exquisite shade of pink, 4 to 5 inches across, standing well out of the water. 50 cts. each.

**Tuberosa Richardsoni.** Flowers white, 6 to 8 inches across, forming with its numerous petals a perfect globe when fully open. One of the most beautiful white Water-Lilies. 50 cts. each.

**William Doogue.** A magnificent Lily. Flowers cup-shaped, 5 to 6 inches across, of beautiful shell-pink; deliciously fragrant. The plant is a continuous bloomer and very desirable. $1.50 each.

GENERAL LIST OF TENDER NYMPHAEAS

Day-Blooming

**Capensis** (Cape Blue Water-Lily). Flowers rich sky-blue; 6 to 8 inches across; sepals green outside, whitish within, flushed blue. A very desirable species and useful for cutting. $1 each.

**Caerulea.** Flowers 3 to 6 inches across; buds conical-pointed; sepals thickly marked with black lines and dots; petals fourteen to twenty, lanceolate, acute, light blue above, lower half dull white; stamens yellow. Free. $1 each.

**Gracilis.** The only white day-flowering tropical species in cultivation. Leaves green, 15 to 17 inches across; flowers white, 6 to 8 inches across, stamens deep yellow; distinct and free-flowering; the flowers, standing a foot or more out of the water, are delicately fragrant. Desirable for cutting. Our *Gracilis* received a certificate by S.A.F., at the convention garden in Houston, Texas. $1.50 each.

**Grossherzog Ernst Ludwig.** A Nympheæa of German origin; a hybrid of the Stellata type; flower violet-blue, extra large. An early and continuous bloomer; a vigorous grower, and should be allowed ample space. $2.50 each.

**Mrs. C. W. Ward.** A hybrid of *N. gracilis*. Flowers 6 to 8 inches across, on stout stems high above the water; deep rosy pink with golden yellow stamens. $2 each.
GENERAL LIST OF TENDER NYMPHAEAES. continued

Ovalifolia. A recent introduction from Africa and described as being in color creamy white on opening, gradually, as flowers mature, becoming suffused with blue. Flowers very large, fragrant, and free. $10 each.

Pennsylvania. An improved N. pulcherrima, but the flowers are much larger in size and of a deeper, richer blue. This variety possesses all the good points of that grand free and continuous-flowering blue Nymphaea. $2.50 each.

Pulcherrima. A most beautiful hybrid Water-Lily of great merit; flowers light blue; 10 to 12 inches across; stamens yellow, sepals marked with black lines and dots, as are also the leaves on the under surface. A free and continuous bloomer; one of the best Lilies. $2 each.

William Stone. A hybrid of N. gracilis. The flowers are 5 to 6 inches across, of a rich violet-blue; stamens purple, with yellow center. Blooms stand well out of the water, open early and remain open all day. $2 each.

Zanzibariensis. A superb variety, of the deepest purple; flowers 6 to 8 inches across; very free-flowering, with strong fragrance. $1.50 each.

Zanzibariensis azurea. Similar to the above, but the flowers open wider and are of a lighter blue color. $1 each.

Zanzibariensis rosea. Flowers rose, of various shades; otherwise like the preceding. $1 each.

For a fairly large garden, a concrete pool of this character offers great opportunities for growing Water-Lilies

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Night-Blooming Nymphaeas

Bissetii. Flowers 8 to 10 inches across, of a beautiful rose-pink; petals broad and slightly concave, forming a cup-shaped bloom. An unusually free-blooming Water-Lily. $2 each.

Dentata. Flowers 8 to 12 inches in diameter; of the purest white; open horizontally. A free bloomer. $1 each.

Dentata superba. A seedling of N. dentata, with flowers 8 to 12 inches across; pure white, with broad petals. A free bloomer and desirable. $3 each.

Dentata magnifica. Flowers 8 to 12 inches in diameter; creamy white, with very wide petals slightly concave, giving the bloom a cup-shaped appearance; stamens pure yellow. $2.50 each.

Devoniensis. Flowers 8 to 10 inches across; of bright rosy red; borne on stout stems well above the water. The plant blooms very freely and is one of the most desirable varieties. $1 each.

Deaniana. A strong and vigorous plant, leaves bronzy green, crumpled at the margin; flowers pure light pink; sepals deep rose-pink; stamens red. $1.50 each.

Frank Trelease. Flowers 8 to 9 inches across; rich, dark crimson; foliage dark bronze-red. A superb night bloomer. $1.50 each.

George Huster. A free-growing and free-blooming plant. Flowers 10 to 12 inches across, of a brilliant crimson. A desirable acquisition to the list of night-blooming Lilies. $2 ea.

Jubilee. Flowers of great substance; creamy white, flushed with pink at base; 6 to 8 inches across; very desirable. $1.50 each.

O'Marana. Flowers of the largest size, 10 to 12 inches; petals of a reddish pink, with nearly white stripes up the center. A vigorous grower and a free-flowering variety. $1.50 each.

Rubra rosea. One of the best red night bloomers in cultivation. Flowers 8 to 10 inches across, rosy carmine; petals broad at base, but pointed. $1 each.

Kewensis. A light pink flower; plant of moderate growth; free-flowering. $1.50 each.

Sturtevantii. An exceedingly beautiful flower, 8 to 12 inches across; bright red. One of the very best Nymphaeas, but requires liberal treatment and a hot summer to bring it to perfection. $2.50 each.
NELUMBIUMS

These are stately plants, with bold, massive, peltate leaves on stout stalks, frequently 5 feet or more in height and 2 to 3 feet across. They are of easy culture; can be grown in a natural or artificial pond, boxes or tubs, but require liberal treatment. They are perfectly hardy, provided the tubers are kept free from frost. They are impatient of removal and should not be transplanted before the beginning of May. Tubers hold good about a month or six weeks; after then, when growth is accelerated by the warm weather, pot-grown plants can be furnished at prices quoted.

The flowers are large and magnificently grand in appearance.

**Album grandiflorum.** Flowers are pure white, large, very beautiful and fragrant; very choice. $2 each; pot-plants, $3 each.

**Album striatum.** A beautiful, globular flower, pure white, petals delicately striped and margined rich carmine; exquisitely fragrant. A distinct and very choice variety. Scarce, but should be included to complete a collection. $2.50 each; pot-plants, $3.50 each.

**Kermesinum.** A delicate rose-pink; the earliest flowering. $1.50 each; pot-plants, $2.50 each.

**Kinshiren.** White, shaded rose-pink; early-flowering. Useful for tub culture. $2.50 each; pot-plants, $3.50 each.

**Luteum.** The American Lotus, or Water Chinquapin. This is a native variety indigenous to the southern and western states. It grows well in our eastern states and is very desirable. The flowers are creamy yellow. $1.50 each; pot-plants, $2.50.

**Osiris.** A beautiful globular flower of an exceedingly deep rose-color. The blooms are produced in large numbers early in the season. $2.50 each; pot-plants, $3.50 each.

**Pekinesis rubrum.** Flowers brilliant rosy carmine, 10 to 12 inches across. Plants very vigorous and free-flowering. $2.50 each; pot-plants, $3.50 each.

**Roseum.** Deep rose-pink; beautiful globular flowers. $2 each; pot-plants, $3 each.

**Roseum plenum.** A magnificent variety, with large, full, double, bright rose flowers. Experienced cultivators consider it one of the finest Nelumbiums in cultivation. $2.50 each; pot-plants, $3.50 each.

**Shiroman.** This superb variety surpasses all other Nelumbiums in stateliness and size. Flowers pure white, large and very double. The plant is a vigorous grower and free-flowering. This variety can be grown without difficulty under ordinary conditions. $3 each; pot-plants, $4 each.

**Speciosum (Egyptian Lotus).** Exquisite flowers of a beautiful rose-color; vigorous and free-flowering. $1.50 each; pot-plants, $2.50 each.
Victoria Lilies require much space to develop their monstrous leaves, which are often 5 feet across, with rims upturned 5 to 7 inches. *V. regia* requires a high temperature for development, otherwise the season may close without a flower being seen. *V. Trickeri* succeeds well under the ordinary treatment for tender *Nymphaeas*, but should not be planted out, or shipment made, before warm, settled weather is assured, usually about the middle of June.

**Victoria regia** (Royal Water-Lily). The well-known species. Plants, $7.50 and $10 each.

**Victoria Trickeri**. This species is of vigorous and rapid growth, and produces its marvelous flowers at an early stage. A single plant often has from ten to fifteen well-developed leaves and frequently two flowers open at the same time. The flowers are white when first open, changing to deep rose the second day and have a strong fragrance not unlike a ripe pineapple. The flowers open at night. Plants, $7.50 and $10 each.

**MISCELLANEOUS AQUATICS**

**ACORUS japonicus variegatus** (Variegated Sweet Flag). One of the finest variegated plants in cultivation. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

**A. gramineus variegatus**. A dwarf-growing variety; very pretty variegation; useful also as a pot-plant. 20 cts. each.

**APONOGETON distachyum** (Cape Pond-weed). Flowers pure white, produced on forked spikes; very fragrant. 25 cts. each.

**A. fenestralis** (Lace-Leaf or Lattice-Leaf Plant). The chief interest of this plant is the remarkable singularity of the leaves, the plant being wholly submerged, the flowers only appearing above the surface. Leaves 6 to 18 inches long and 2 to 4 inches broad, of a delicate network, and a bright green in the young state. To have in a healthy condition it should be grown in a wooden vessel, in a temperature of 65 to 75 degrees and in a shady position. A few water-snails are indispensable in the water. $2.50 each.
BUTOMUS umbellatus (Flowering Rush). Hardy perennial aquatic of easy culture on the margins of ponds. Leaves 2 to 3 feet long, iris-like; flowers rose-colored, on long scapes. 25 cts. each.

CALLA palustris (Water Arum). A dwarf perennial aquatic. A miniature Calla, an interesting plant for the margin of a pond. 25 cts. each.

C. Richardia (Calla Lily). One of the best water plants for summer use. Perpetual flowering; fine white flowers. Flowering plants, $1 each.

COLOCASIA multiflora. Japanese Water Taro. A very unique foliage plant. The leaves are rich green, on dark purple stems. Can be grown as a house plant from tubers, using same cultural directions as for Chinese Sacred Lily (gravel and water in a shallow dish). As a marginal plant for the pool, it is very ornamental, as it will grow to a height of 4 or 5 feet. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

CRINUM Americanum. A native plant of the Florida swamps. It produces its flowers in umbels of six or eight large, white and very fragrant blooms. Grows in any kind of soil, but must be kept wet. 35 cts. each.

CYPERUS adenophorus. A variety coming from Brazil. It grows about 2 feet high and sends up a stout flower-stem. The flowers, greenish white in color, are produced in umbels and are quite interesting. Thrives well either as pot-plant or as a marginal plant. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

E. alternifolius (Umbrella Palm). A very attractive plant for growing in small pools or planted in moist ground. 15 cts. and 25 cts. each.

E. alternifolius variegatus. A white-variegated form of the preceding variety; very distinct and attractive. 50 cts. and $1 each.

C. gracilis. A dwarf-growing variety; very useful for aquariums or small tubs. 15 cts. each.

C. Papyrus (Egyptian Paper Plant). A very ornamental plant for the waterside. The triangular stems attain a height of 6 to 8 feet, surmounted with a tuft of long, thread-like leaves. 25 cts. and 50 cts. each; specimen plants, $2.50 each.

EICHHORNIA crassipes major (Water Hyacinth). An interesting floating plant, with dark, lustrous leaves and delicate, rosy lilac flowers on large spikes. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

E. azurea. Flowers of a lovely shade of lavender-blue, with a rich purple center; petals delicately fringed. 50 cts. each.

GLYCYRIA spectabilis fol. var. A hardy perennial grass, desirable for low ground and margins of ponds. Three to 4 feet high; its leaflets are striped green. 25 cts. each.

HEDYCHIUM coronarium (Butterfly Lily). A tender sub-aquatic plant which, when growing in moist ground, forms a dense clump 3 to 6 feet high. The masses of pure white fragrant flowers, look like large white butterflies. 25c. each.

The Water Hyacinth is an interesting aquatic plant for the greenhouse or conservatory.
MISCELLANEOUS AQUATICS. continued

JUSSIÆA longifolia. A very attractive and desirable aquatic, growing 2 to 3 feet high, erect, slightly drooping at the points, and producing numerous axillary flowers of a rich golden yellow, like an evening primrose. A good plant for tubs or planting on the edge of a pond. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

LIMNANTHEMUM Indicum (Water Snowflake). A pretty, lily-like plant, producing masses of dainty snow-white flowers, beautifully fringed. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

L. nymphaeoides. A hardy aquatic plant, with nymphaea-like leaves and bright yellow flowers, produced very freely. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

LIMNOCHARIS Humboldtii (Water Poppy). A very pretty aquatic plant, with floating leaves and large, yellow poppy-like flowers; continuous bloomer. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

L. Plumieri. An erect-growing plant, standing 1 to 2 feet out of the water, with elliptical leaves 4 to 6 inches long, of a velvety green. Flowers straw-color. 25 cts. each.

MENYANTHES trifoliata (Buckbean). A perennial aquatic plant, with creeping rootstocks in shallow water. Its beautiful, fragrant flowers, borne on stout stalks, are white, beautifully fringed and suffused with pink. 15 cts. each.

MYRIOPHYLLUM proserpinacoides (Parrot’s Feather). An aquatic plant having long, trailing stems, covered closely with whorls of most delicate foliage. Planted in a tub or water-tight hanging-basket, it will grow over the edges. Being a rapid grower it soon becomes a beautiful sight. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

PISTIA Stratiotes (Water Lettuce). A floating aquatic. The leaves, which radiate from a common center, are soft and velvety; very pretty, and a rapid grower. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

PONTEDERIA cordata (Pickerel Weed). A free-flowering plant, growing about 2 feet high and producing spikes of closely set, blue flowers. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

Perhaps you may be interested to know that your “Pennsylvania” was in full bloom on the fifteenth of December, with several buds coming on. I think they have the proper Christmas spirit.—L. HESSIN, South Carolina.

The Water Poppy has large, floating leaves and straw-yellow flowers
A pool in New Jersey, four months after planting. Tricker’s plants, of course

MISCELLANEOUS AQUATICS, continued

**SAGITTARIA Montevidensis** (Giant Arrowhead). Attains gigantic proportions, growing 4 to 5 feet high, leaves 15 inches long; flower-scape towers above the foliage, bearing white flowers, with dark blotch at base of each petal; suitable for margins or tub cultivation. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

**S. Japonica fl.-pl.** The double-flowering Arrowhead; very desirable for planting in tubs or on margins of ponds and streams. 50 cts. each, $5 per doz.

**S. Sinensis** (Giant Sagittaria). Leaves broad and strong, dark green; a free grower. Suitable for aquarium. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

**SALVINIA Braziliensis.** A dainty floating plant. Leaves soft green, covered with delicate hairs. Suitable for aquarium. 15 cts. a bunch, $1.50 per doz.

**SCIRPUS Tabernæmontanus zebrinus.** A very ornamental, hardy rush, growing 3 to 4 feet high, producing leaves variegated with alternate bands of green and pure white. It may be grown as an aquatic, or as a garden plant. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

**STRATIOTES aloides** (Water Soldier). An interesting, submerged water-plant with a compact tuft of leaves. The older leaves are furnished with spines somewhat like a pandanus. The young plants are useful for the aquarium. A native of Europe. 25 cts. each.

**THALIA dealbata.** A fine and stately aquatic, with canna-like leaves, to be grown in shallow water or wet soil. Grand for the margin of a pond. Hardy. 50 cts. each.

**TRAPA natans** (Water Chestnut). A hardy annual and very desirable for the aquarium, pool, pond or tub culture. Foliage beautifully mottled or variegated; flowers white, small in proportion to the fruit or nuts which, when ripe, drop off and remain in the water until the following spring. 25 cts. each.

**TYPHA latifolia.** The well-known Cat-tail; very desirable for the water-garden. 10 cts. each, $1 per doz.

**WATER FERN.** A unique floating plant. 25 cts. each.

**ZIZANIA aquatica** (Wild Rice). This native aquatic annual is very ornamental; its graceful panicles of bloom are produced on stalks 5 to 10 feet high; should be grown in shallow water. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz.
Astilbe Hybrids are some of the best plants for the perennial garden

**HARDY PLANTS**

Suitable for Growing in Low, Wet Ground, Borders or Margins of Ponds, Etc.

ACTAEA Japonica (Cimicifuga). A pretty Japanese plant, producing in late fall a large quantity of feathery, white flowers on erect stems, 2½ feet high. Valuable for cutting. 25 cts. each.

ASCLEPIAS incarnata (Swamp Milkweed). A good waterside plant, 2 to 3 feet high, with rosy purple flowers. Especially good in a semi-wild garden. 20 cts. each, $2 per doz.

ASTER Novæ-Angliae. Bright violet-purple. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.
A. Novæ-Angliae rosea. Bright purplish mauve. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.
A. Novæ-Angliae rubra. Deep reddish violet. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

A., Beauty of Colwall. A most beautiful Aster of recent introduction; erect stems about 4 feet high, with an abundance of lavender-blue flowers. 25 cts.
A., Peggy Ballard. A dwarf form, very similar in color to A., Beauty of Colwall. 20 cts. each, $2 per doz.
A., St. Egwin. The plant grows about 3 feet high, densely branched and of bushy habit. It produces fine, pure pink flowers in September, very valuable for cutting. This splendid Aster was given an Award of Merit by the Royal Horticultural Society, England; Certificate of Merit, Elberon Horticultural Society; Certificate of Merit, New Haven Horticultural Society; First-class Certificate of Merit, Newport Horticultural Society, Newport, R. I. 20 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

Astilbe Davidii. A first-class plant recently introduced from China. The graceful flower-spikes are 5 to 6 feet high, with blooms of clear rosy violet. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.
A. grandis. Somewhat similar to the preceding variety, but more vigorous; often 6 feet in height, with large, pinnate leaves 2 feet in length, and panicles of white flowers 2 to 2½ feet long. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.
HARDY PLANTS, continued

_Astilbe, W. E. Gladstone_. A very free, large-flowering variety, snow-white flowers; very desirable for moist, shady places, flowering in June and July. 25 cts.

_A., Queen Alexandra_. A beautiful hybrid of lovely pink. Largely used with the preceding variety as a pot-plant for forcing, but both are perfectly hardy and very desirable for the flower-garden. 25 cts. each.

_A., Arendsi hybrid_. A new type of this most interesting and very valuable plant, especially for the subaquatic garden. The plants are of very vigorous growth, 2 to 4 feet high, densely branched; feathery plumes of delicate coloring. Award of Merit, Royal Horticultural Society.

A. _hybrida carminea_. Well-branched spikes of rosy lilac; 3 feet. 50 cts. each.

A. _hybrida_, _Ceres_. Well-branched panicles of a brilliant rosy color; 2½ to 3 feet. 35 cts. each.

A. _Gruno_. Finest of the pinks; light, graceful, spreading spikes; salmon-pink flowers; 4 feet high. 50 cts. each.

A. _Meerhemii_. New. Stout, robust growth with extra-large flower-heads of creamy white; 5 feet. 50 cts. each.

A. _Pink Pearl_. Thick, pyramidal spikes of lovely pink; 2 feet high. 35 cts.

A. _Venus_. Early-flowering, same habit as Ceres; brilliant rosy purple. 35 cts. each.

A. _Salland_. Very strong spikes of red flowers; 6 feet high. 50 cts. each.

A. _Salmon Queen_. Very graceful spikes of a fine, light salmon-pink; 2½ to 3 feet high. 35 cts.

A. _Princess Juliana_. The long spikes, growing 3 to 3½ feet high, have a loose and elegant habit; flowers bright crimson-pink. The darkest-colored Astilbe in commerce. 50 cts. each.

_Boccoonia cordata_. A tall-growing perennial that grows well in moist ground. Foliage silver-green. The flowers come in July and August, borne on stout stems like plumes. 20 cts. each, $2 per doz.

_Caltha palustris_ (Marsh Marigold). Bright yellow flowers early in spring; 1 foot high. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

_C. palustris monstrosa fl.-pl_. Double-flowering. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

_C. palustris semiplena_. New. Beautiful, semi-double variety; a great improvement on the single form and not so stiff as the double; borne on long stems. 35 cts. each.

_C. polypetala_. New. A gigantic form; large leaves and flowers early in spring. 50 cts. each.

_Clethra alnifolia_ (Sweet Pepper Bush). One of the most charming of our native bushes; will succeed in almost any soil, but prefers a wet ground or margin of pond or stream; flowers white, of a very spicy fragrance. A desirable bush for the garden in any situation. 25 cts. each.

_Eupatorium ageratoides_ (White Snakeroot). A strong-growing plant; most desirable for the semi-wild garden, growing 3 to 5 feet high, bearing a profusion of white blossoms in late summer. Good as a cut-flower. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

_E. coelestinum_. A beautiful, hardy plant, with light blue flowers similar to the ageratum; very free-flowering; late summer. 18 to 24 inches. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

_Funkia undulata picta-media_. The beautiful variegated Plantain Lily. Flowers in July on stems 2 feet high. Lilac in color. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

_Gentiana Andrewsii_ (Closed Gentian). A strong-growing plant, very pretty by the water-edge, with clusters of deep blue flowers in July and August. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

_Gunnera scabra_. One of the most remarkable of all ornamental foliage plants, the leaves often measuring 4 to 8 feet across. It requires very liberal cultivation and, needless to say, an ample supply of water at the roots at all times. They thrive best on the margins of ponds, where the roots can penetrate the moist ground. Select a spot open to the sun, yet sheltered by trees and shrubbery from strong winds. In winter give a heavy mulching of leaves, and fresh manure to hold the leaves in place. 75 cts. each.
HELENIUM autumnale superbbum. A very attractive plant, growing 4 to 5 feet high, with broad-spreading heads of golden yellow flowers in late summer and fall months. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

H. autumnale rubrum. A variety having bright terra-cotta flowers. 20 cts. each, $2 per doz.

H., Riverton Beauty. A free-growing, distinct variety, having flowers of a rich lemon-yellow with a large cone of purplish black. 20 cts. each, $2 per doz.

H. pumila. A dwarf variety with bright yellow flowers. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

H., Riverton Gem. Of strong growth, 2½ to 3 feet high; flowers brilliant old-gold, suffused with bright terra-cotta, changing to wallflower-red. 20 cts. each, $2 per doz.

HEMEROCALLIS flava (Yellow Day Lily). One of the best-known varieties; flowers deep lemon-yellow; very fragrant; very attractive on the margins of ponds, flowering in July. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

H. fulva. A stronger variety than the preceding; grows 4 to 5 feet high; flowers orange, with deeper shadings. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

H., Dr. Regal. Very early flowering; a rich golden yellow. One of the very best Day Lilies. 20 cts. each, $2 per doz.

HERACLEUM Mantegazzianum (Giant Parsnip; Cow Parsley). A strong-growing perennial umbellaceous plant, best suited for margins of ponds or lakes, being too coarse for the flower-garden. When it flowers it presents a bold subtropical effect. 25 cts. each.

HIBISCUS. New Hybrids. Probably no other hardy plant has increased in popular favor more than the Hibiscus. It has always been an attractive flower, with its large, white, pink and rose-colored flowers, but the hybrids are a new creation, not at all in the same class. The plants are vigorous and free-flowering, often exceeding 6 feet in height, branching, with monstrous flowers 24 to 30 inches in circumference, in all shades of color; a large planting in bloom is a magnificent sight. Being perfectly hardy, the plants are well adapted to all sections of the United States and Canada. My selection comprises the choicest deep, rich crimson shades, together with pink and white. These can be grown successfully in the herbaceous border, where large plants are needed; they will succeed in any good garden soil, but to have them in perfection, plant in the water-garden or on the margins of ponds and streams, or in moist places. Selected varieties of White, Pink and Crimson, 35 cts. each, $3.50 per doz. General assortment, $2.50 per doz.

IRIS Germanica. One of the best early-flowering varieties, in many shades of color. 10 cts. each, $1 per doz.

1. Germanica aurea. Golden yellow; distinct and fine. 15 cts. each.
Irises. \( \text{I. orientalis} \) Rich violet-blue; early-flowering, very free; a useful and distinct variety. Should be in every collection. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

\( \text{I. orientalis, Snow Queen} \) Snow-white variety of the preceding form; a distinct and very desirable companion. Extra. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

\( \text{I. pumila} \) New Hybrids. Very interesting and attractive, being one of the earliest and showiest of spring flowers; of dwarf habit and embracing shades of color, such as creamy white, lemon-yellow and royal purple and blue. 20 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

\( \text{I. Kaempferi} \) (Japan Iris). Conceded to be the elite of the Iris family. They succeed in any good garden soil, but are at their best in a rich, deep, moist situation, such as is found in the water-garden or on the margins of ponds, lakes, etc. The plants commence to flower in June, following closely the German Iris, and continuing through July. They are most desirable for cutting, every bud opening. My collection embraces the choicest varieties in size and richness of colors, which are most remarkable. Set of twelve double-flowering, choicest varieties, 25 cts. each, $2 per doz.; choice mixed varieties, single and double. 20 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

\( \text{I. Pseudacorus} \) This is the common yellow water-flag. flowering in May and June. Planted in water about 2 inches deep, it reaches its perfection, growing to a height of 4 feet. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

\( \text{LOBELIA cardinalis} \) (Cardinal Flower). One of the most attractive plants of our native flora, seen along streams and low, moist ground, sometimes a few spikes of rich, fiery cardinal flowers; again in masses, when the sight is brilliant and dazzling. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz., $10 per 100.

\( \text{L., Illumination} \) A sterling novelty, producing flowers just like \( \text{L. cardinalis} \). The only difference is that the foliage is a handsome bronze-red. The beauty of the foliage makes it very striking. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

\( \text{L. sphyilitica} \) Grown under conditions similar to those of the preceding variety, it produces large spikes of flowers 2 to 3 feet high, of a lovely shade of blue and occasionally white. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz., $10 per 100.

\( \text{LYTHRUM roseum, Perry's Variety} \) A grand improvement on the well-known Rosy Loosestrife, with much larger flowers and longer spikes of a glistening cherry-red. Valuable for the aquatic garden, flowering freely from July to September. 25 cts. each, $2 per doz.

\( \text{MAGNOLIA glauca} \) (Swamp Bay). A desirable shrub, with handsome, glossy foliage and sweet-scented, creamy white flowers, extending a considerable period. Fine for the water-garden. 2 to 3 feet, 75 cts. and $1 each.

\( \text{MYOSOTIS palustris} \) (Forget-me-not). A beautiful light blue flower with yellow center, growing by streams or in wet places. An almost perpetual-flowering plant. 15 cts. each, $1 per doz.

\( \text{SAURURUS cernuus} \) (Lizard's Tail). A desirable plant for the margins of ponds or moist ground; grows 2 to 2½ feet high, with terminal, drooping spikes of white, sweet-scented flowers. 25 cts. each, $2 per doz.

\( \text{SENCIO clivorum} \) A plant of recent introduction from China, with enormous round leaves resembling somewhat the gigantic petasites, producing yellow flowers borne on stems 4 feet high. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

\( \text{SPIRÆA Aruncus} \) A noble variety, 3 to 5 feet high, producing in June and July long, feathery panicles of white flowers. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

\( \text{S. palmata} \) (Crimson Meadowsweet). One of the most beautiful hardy plants, the deep purple-red of the stems and branches passing into the crimson-purple of the broad corymbs of flowers, which are produced very freely during June and July; 3 feet. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

\( \text{S. elegans} \) A free-flowering, silvery pink form of the above. 15 cts. each.

\( \text{S. ulmaria fl.-pl.} \) (Meadowsweet). Grows 2½ to 3 feet high; a double white form; fine for naturalizing. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

\( \text{S. venusta} \) A showy, red-flowering species; very fragrant; 4 to 5 feet; June. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

\( \text{S. venusta magnifica} \) A great improvement on the foregoing variety; the flowers are larger and the color is richer. 35 cts. each.
PLANTS FOR SMALL AQUARIUMS

Aquariums, with a few water-plants and several goldfish, are quite popular as an ornament for the city home, and furnish an everchanging amusement for the whole family. As an assistant to the nature-study class in the public schools the aquarium is indispensable, for through it the pupils become acquainted with various forms of aquatic life—fish, mollusks, plants and algae.

The fish must have water, but not stagnant, impure water, and the growing plants help to keep the aquarium clean and pure. When the aquarium is well balanced, that is, a given number of fish to the quantity of water, with sufficient plant-life to supply oxygen, then the aquarium is attractive and a source of pleasure. The following plants are adapted to the purpose, a few or more according to the size of the aquarium.

ANACHARIS Canadensis gigantea (Elodea; Water-weed). A beautiful, submerged plant, with elongated, branching stems, thickly set with sessile, whorled or opposite leaves. A rapid grower and one of the best oxygenators. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

CABOMBA viridifolia (Green Fan-Wort; Washington Grass). A very interesting and popular plant. The light green leaf is fan-shaped, composed of filaments or ribs like a skeletonized leaf. 15 cts. a bunch, $1.50 per doz.

EICHHORNIA crassipes major (Water Hyacinth). A curious and pretty plant in the aquarium, the long, silky, steel-blue roots reaching down in the water. The plant is of value in the aquarium during the breeding season, the roots being receptacles for fish-spawn. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

HYDROCHARIS Morsus-ranae (European Frogbit). A delicate, floating plant, with rather thick, heart-shaped leaves, about 2 inches across. Its fine, silky roots are beautiful and attractive in the aquarium, and the plant itself is most graceful. 20 cts. each.

LUDWIGIA Muelertii. One of the best and most useful plants for the aquarium, valuable as an oxygenator. The foliage is glossy dark green on the upper surface, the underside of leaf bright red. An attractive and distinctive plant. 25 cts. each, $2 per doz.

MYRIOPHYLLUM verticillatum (Popular Green Milfoil). Very fine leaves, pinnately parted and capillary; color a beautiful soft green. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

PISTIA Stratiotes (Water Lettuce). A very attractive aquatic, floating plant, with soft, light green velvety leaves; requires warm treatment in winter. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

SAGITTARIA Sinensis gigantea. This is the most popular of submerged aquarium plants, and quite indispensable, as it can always be had in a good condition; a free grower and oxygenator. Leaves strap-like and broader than the preceding variety, of a dark, rich green color. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

UTRICULARIA vulgaris (Greater Bladderwort). A beautiful submerged plant, crowded with primate, many-parted capillary leaves, bearing numerous bladders. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

VALLISNERIA spiralis. (Italian type.) An evergreen form of eel-grass best suited for the aquarium. It has long, narrow leaves and is an excellent oxygenator. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.
WILLIAM TRICKER, ARLINGTON, N. J.

HARDY ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

The Ornamental Grasses are one striking feature in the garden in clumps, beds or borders, or on the margin of lakes, ponds, etc. In isolated clumps the Pampas is majestic; it is regrettable that it is not hardy. The next best is *Erianthus Ravenna*. For large needs *Arundo Donax*, the tallest of all the giant Grasses—grows from 12 feet to 20 feet high—makes a very imposing center. Surrounded with cannas or *Caladium esculentum* and margined with Pennisetum, has a most telling effect. The Eulalias are best planted in irregular beds or groups with Pennisetum for a border or edging. *Eulalia gracillima univittata* is the most graceful and may be planted very effectively near the water. For large beds *Arrhenatherum* makes a very desirable dwarf border plant.

**ARRHENATHERUM bulbosum variegatum.** A dwarf variegated Grass; fine for bordering where a white border is desired, as it retains its clear coloring all season. 15 cts. each, $1.50 per doz.

**ARUNDO Donax** (Giant Reed). One of the most stately of all Grasses. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

**A. Donax variegata.** A beautifully variegated form, not so tall-growing. 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz.

**EULALIA gracillima univittata.** The most useful and desirable of all the Eulalias. Its long, narrow, graceful foliage with silvery midrib renders it a very striking and distinct plant as a specimen or for grouping. 20 cts. each, $2 per doz.

**E. Japonica variegata.** A very ornamental Grass, 4 to 6 feet high, with long, narrow leaves conspicuously marked with green and white, with handsome plumes. 20 cts. each, $2 per doz.

**E. Japonica zebrina** (Zebra Grass). Very similar to the above variety, but the blades instead of striped are barred with yellow. 20 cts. each, $2 per doz.

**ERIANThUS Ravenna** (Plume Grass, or Hardy Pampas). A very ornamental grass; flower-spikes 10 to 12 feet high; make a most desirable specimen or clump on the lawn. 20 cts. each, $2 per doz.

**PENNISETUM Japonicum** (Hardy Fountain Grass). This new addition to the Hardy Grasses is quite an acquisition; its habit of growth is heavier than the annual varieties; it grows from 3 to 4 feet high; foliage narrow, of a bright green, the flower-heads a silvery color, well above the foliage. 20 cts. each, $2 per doz., $15 per 100.
TENDER ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

PENNISETUM Ruppelianum (Purple Fountain Grass). A graceful plant with green foliage and purplish plumes. Fine border plant for canna and similar plants. Annual. $1 per doz., $6 per 100.

P. cupreum. Another addition to this class of bedding plants; foliage dark, coppery bronze; plumes are of a tawny crimson; height 3 to 3½ feet. $2.50 per doz., $15 per 100.

P. macrophyllum atrosanguineum. Foliage bronzy red, a brighter and more pleasing shade than the bronze-leaved canna; long, crimson plumes, 10 to 12 inches long; height 4 feet. $2 per doz., $12 per 100.

Tall-growing Bamboos make excellent screens

HARDY BAMBOOS

There seems to be something very fascinating about Oriental things and the Bamboo is no exception to the rule. The beautiful foliage and the interesting canes are always attractive. They require a rich, well-drained soil. The banks of streams and the edges of ponds and pools make an ideal situation. The varieties listed are all hardy as far north as New York City and should be hardy even farther north if given a slight protection during the winter.

BAMBUSA aurea. Close-jointed canes; leaves light green, small and very graceful. $1 each.
B. auricoma. A green and yellow variety; very pretty; will grow to 3 feet. $1 each.
B. Fortunee variigata. A dwarf variety, about 18 inches high, with green-and-white foliage. 75 cts. each.
B. Japonica. Slender, graceful, and very attractive. $1 each.
B. nigra. A black-stemmed variety growing quite high; unique. $1 each
B. palmata. Undoubtedly the most attractive and satisfactory. Broad, rich green leaves very dense in growth and growing about 2 to 3 feet high. $1 ea.
B. Simonii. Strong, upright growth. $1 each.
ONE of a series of handbooks on garden-making, all of which were written by persons well qualified to present the subjects in a way that appeals to the amateur and the professional gardener.

"Making a Water-Garden" was written by William Tricker, whose years of experience make him an authority on Water-Lilies and Aquatic Plants. The book contains a number of illustrations that "show how," with clear directions about the cultivation and care. The price is 55 cts., postpaid. Your order may be mailed to

WILLIAM TRICKER
ARLINGTON, NEW JERSEY
Nymphaea
Marliacea rosea

Nymphaea
Marliacea albida

Nymphaea
Marliacea chromatella

For description, see page 9.

WILLIAM TRICKER
ARLINGTON, NEW JERSEY